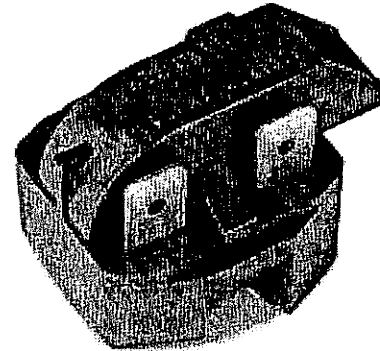


**Product Bulletin**

**KLIXON**

**PTC Motor Starters  
8EA Series**



**Features**

- Solid-state PTC motor starter
- Designed for use with most split phase, capacitor run and/or start, fractional h.p. hermetic compressors
- Available for all single phase voltage applications
- Low power dissipation
- Easy installation
- Electrically (EMI) noise free
- Operating noise free
- Approved for use with explosive proof applications
- High reliability with no moving parts

**Product Overview**

The Texas Instruments 8EA motor starter, a low-cost alternative to electro-mechanical relays, performs the PTC (positive temperature coefficient) solid-state starter function. The 8EA is suitable for compressors used in refrigerators, freezers, water coolers, de-humidifiers, vending machines and similar refrigeration applications. It plugs directly onto the compressor terminal pins, and is frequently used with the TI 4TM plug-on motor protector.

**Technical Features**

- Utilizes PTC pill materials to energize / de-energize motor start windings
- Provides inherent start winding protection
- Optimal packaging approach improves efficiency
- Used in 120V or 240V applications
- Provides lowest power consumption in industry
- Wide spectrum of resistance ranges available

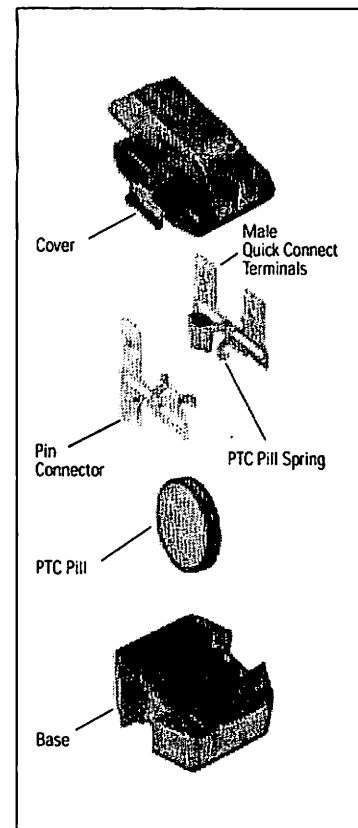
**Quality and Performance**

- PTC pills 100% electrically tested twice
- High reliability with no moving parts
- 500K cycles min. at max. rated condition
- Dissipates less than 2 watts under normal operating conditions
- UL and CUL Recognized Component: File SA3745
- IEC Cert. number: US/4312/UL
- Demko Cert. number: 129508-1
- CCEE number: CH003840-99
- ENEC 2018218.01

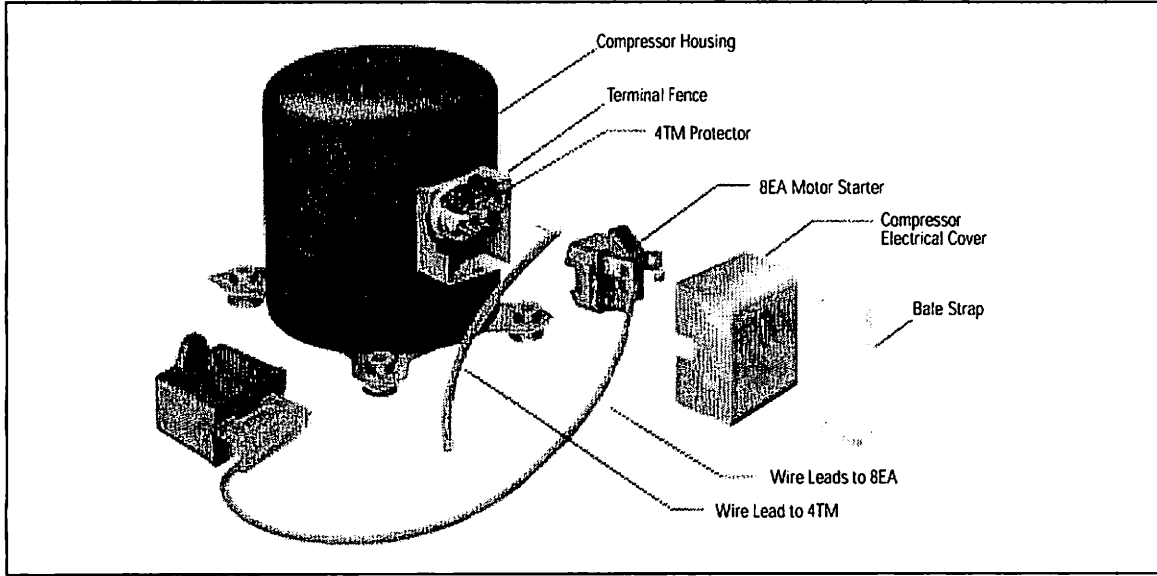
**Convenience**

- Fits within most existing terminal fences
- Highly legible part coding
- One rating will potentially service entire compressor voltage series
- Mounts directly to the compressor terminal pins
- Compatible with world class TI 4TM motor protection

**Exploded View**



## Electrical Component Assembly Process



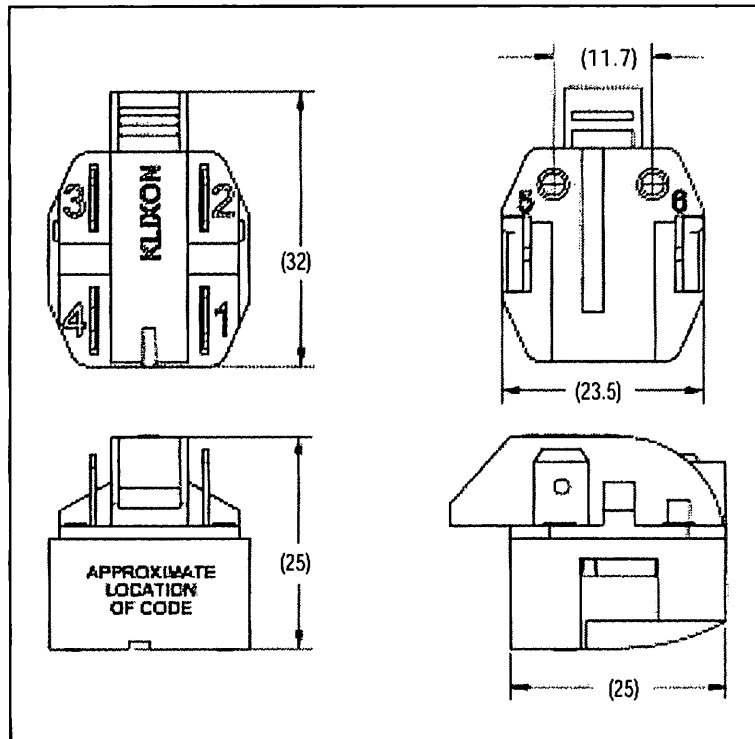
### Assembly Process Description

The illustration above depicts the assembly of the 8EA onto the compressor. The 4TM motor protector is plugged onto the common pin. The 8EA plugs onto the remaining 2 pins. Female flag connectors are connected, and the electrical cover encloses the entire assembly.

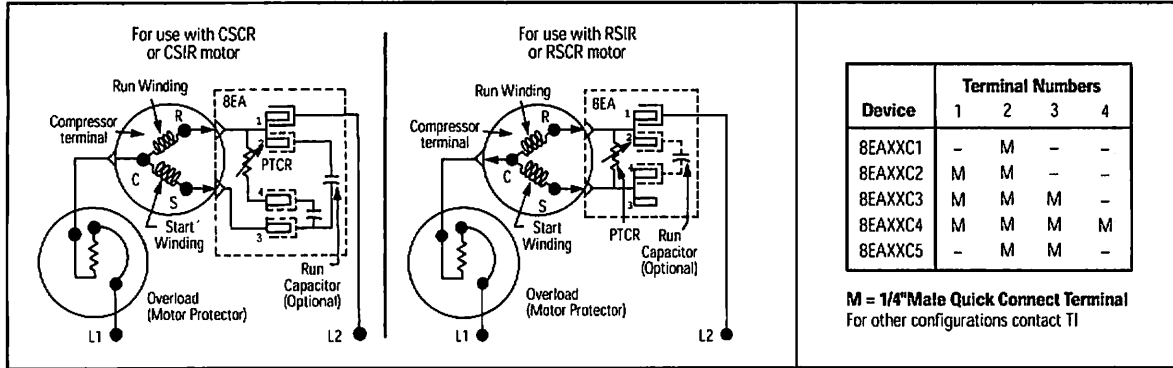
### 8EA Coding System

8EA XXX ..... TI product number  
XXXX ..... Customer part number optional  
06H9R ..... Date Code (Typical)  
Mexico ..... Country of Origin (Typical)

### Dimensional Drawings (mm)



## Wiring Diagrams



## Terminal Configurations

| Device  | Terminal Numbers |   |   |   |
|---------|------------------|---|---|---|
|         | 1                | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 8EAXXC1 | -                | M | - | - |
| 8EAXXC2 | M                | M | - | - |
| 8EAXXC3 | M                | M | M | - |
| 8EAXXC4 | M                | M | M | M |
| 8EAXXC5 | -                | M | M | - |

M = 1/4" Male Quick Connect Terminal  
For other configurations contact TI

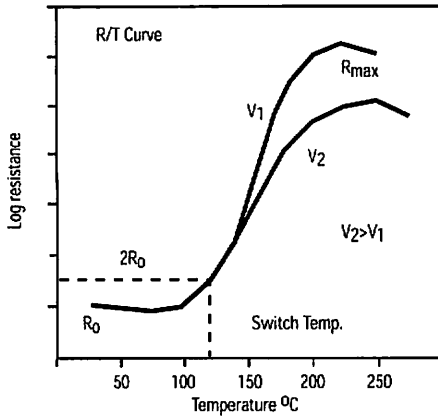
## PTC Performance

When power is first applied to the compressor via the 8EA, the PTC pill is in low resistance state. Current flows through the PTC pill to the start windings, causing a beneficial phase angle shift between start and main windings, and resulting in an increase in the starting torque.

## 8EA PTC Motor Starter Design Chart

| Independent Variable | Device Property |       |              |           |
|----------------------|-----------------|-------|--------------|-----------|
|                      | Switch Time     | Power | Max. Voltage | Cool Rate |
| P                    | ↑               | ↓     | ↓            | ↑         |
| T                    | ↓               | ↓     | ↓            | ↓         |
| C                    | ↓               | ↓     | ↓            | ↓         |
| R                    | ↓               | ↓     | ↓            | ↑         |

General trends are shown for changes in the PTCR element specifications and the corresponding 8EA device properties.



## Common Electrical Rating

| 8EA Series | Application Voltage | $V_{max}/I_{max}$ | Nominal Resistance (Ohms) | Heat Capacity $mC_p$ |
|------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| 14CX       | 120                 | 180 / 12          | 4.7±20%                   | 1.40                 |
| 15CX       | 120                 | 200 / 12          | 6.8±20%                   | 1.40                 |
| 16CX       | 120                 | 200 / 10          | 10 ±20%                   | 1.40                 |
| 17CX       | 240                 | 300 / 7           | 22 ±20%                   | 1.40                 |
| 18CX       | 240                 | 355 / 6           | 33 ±20%                   | 1.40                 |
| 19CX       | 240                 | 300 / 8           | 15 ±20%                   | 1.40                 |
| 20CX       | 240                 | 400 / 5           | 47 ±20%                   | 1.40                 |

For other ratings contact TI.

## 8EA PTC Motor Starter Application Procedure

### Step 1: Assemble Data Required for New Applications

|                                     | <u>Example</u>   |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| R <sub>0</sub> Resistance .....     | 5.0 Ohms   |
| Max. Volt (V <sub>max</sub> ) ..... | 162 VAC  |
| Max. Current (In Rush) .....        | 8 Amp  |
| Switch Time of Motor .....          | >0.5 Sec @ 8 Amp<br>Ambient 25°C   |
| Motor Type .....                    | RSCR   |
| Reset Time .....                    | <80 Sec @ Nom. Volt<br>Ambient 25°C  |
| Test Requirements .....             | •250K Cycles @ Max.<br>Operational Conditions<br>•300 Hrs. @<br>Max. Volt +10% |

**Step 2:** Select PTC pill based on resistance and maximum operating conditions.

(See electrical rating on previous page).

**Step 3:** Select 8EA physical configuration based on motor type. (See terminal configurations on previous page).

### Step 4: Switch Time Calculation

The amount of time required for PTC to switch into its high resistance state can be approximated as follows:

| <u>Equation</u>                                   | <u>Example</u>                      |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| Time (Sec) = $\frac{M C_P (T_S - T_A)}{I^2 R}$    | R = 5 Ohms (R=5x.8=4)<br>I = 8 Amps |
| M C <sub>P</sub> = Heat Capacity<br>(Watt-Sec/°C) | T <sub>S</sub> = 120°C              |
| T <sub>S</sub> = Switch Temperature (°C)          | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C               |
| T <sub>A</sub> = Ambient Temperature (°C)         | M C <sub>P</sub> = 1.60             |
| I = Inrush Current (Amps-Rms)                     | <u>1.60 (95)</u>                    |
|   | Time (Sec) = (8 <sup>2</sup> ) (4)  |
|   | Switch Time = 0.59 Sec.             |

R = Initial Device Resistance  
Under Voltage  
(Use R<sub>0</sub> x 0.8)

Theoretical Calculated PTC Switch Time  
Should Be ≥ Time Required to Start Motor

Important Notice: Texas Instruments (TI) reserves the right to make changes to or to discontinue any product or service identified in the publication without notice. TI advises its customers to obtain the latest version of the relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that the information being relied upon is current.

Texas Instruments assumes no responsibility for infringement of patents or rights of others based on Texas Instruments applications assistance or product specifications since TI does not possess full access concerning the use or application of customer products. Texas Instruments also assumes no responsibility for customers' product designs

## Glossary

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| R <sub>0</sub>             | - Measured resistance value at 25°C Max. voltage of 2.0 volts.   |
| Cooldown Time              | - Time required for the PTC resistance to return to two times the initial value (2 R <sub>0</sub> )  |
| Curie Point (Switch Temp.) | - Temperature obtained with a resistance value of two times (2R <sub>0</sub> ) the minimum resistance value (R <sub>0</sub> )                            |
| V <sub>max</sub>           | - Maximum operating voltage which may be applied across the PTC continuously at the ambient temperature specified and in a steady high resistance state. |
| V <sub>r</sub>             | - Application rated supplied voltage/ 120 or 240 VAC (below V <sub>max</sub> )   |
| I <sub>ss</sub>            | - Steady state current remaining at maximum operating voltage.   |
| I <sub>max</sub>           | - Maximum operating current.   |

## Application Notes

- The surface and terminals of the 8EA device can reach high temperatures under normal running conditions. Any material in contact with the 8EA and its terminals, including wire and quick-connect receptacle plastic insulation, should have a minimum temperature rating (RTI) of 105°C. Adequate spacing should be provided to insulate lower-rated materials from this heat source.
- The 8EA device should be protected from potential sources of liquid, such as the evaporator tray and water connections.
- Certain materials, such as chlorine (Cl) containing gases, can degrade the characteristics of the 8EA device. The 8EA device should not be exposed to sulphur (S) or chlorine (Cl) containing gases, and must be kept away from materials that can generate them. In particular, avoid the use of polyvinyl chloride (PVC) insulation in contact with the 8EA terminals.
- The 8EA device is designed to be used in conjunction with an electrical cover.

### For further information write or call:

#### Texas Instruments Incorporated

Sensors & Controls

34 Forest Street

Attleboro, Massachusetts 02703-0964

Phone: (508) 236-3800

website: [www.ti.com/snc/docs/index.htm](http://www.ti.com/snc/docs/index.htm)