

Foreign Policy in the Progressive Era

➤ Goals

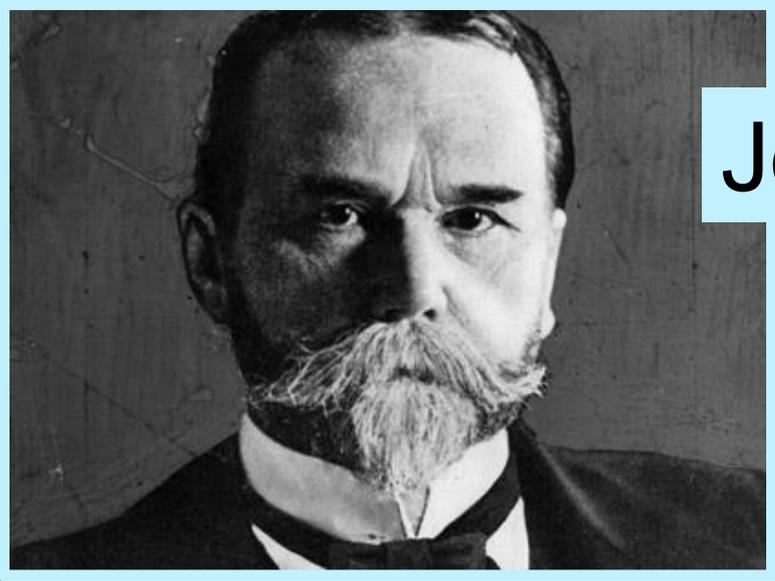
- Extend American democracy
- Extend American capitalism
- Protect American interests
- Protect American business

Progressive Foreign Policy

➤ Methods

- Military might
- America as a “policing” nation
- Assertive
- Activist

John Hay



Elihu Root



Teddy Roosevelt

➤ “big stick” diplomacy



Teddy Roosevelt

- Peaceful negotiation and threat of military intervention – at the same time
 - Latin America
 - Asia

Roosevelt Corollary to the Monroe Doctrine

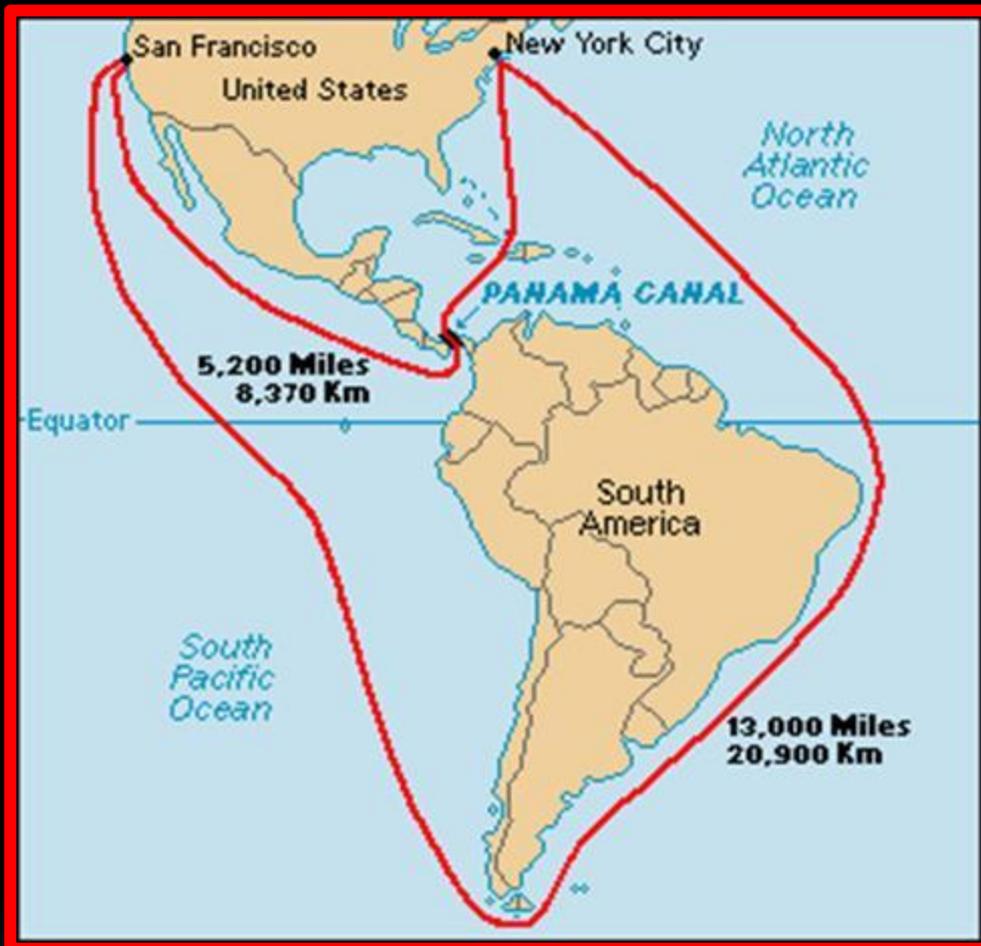
- U.S. declares it will
 - “police”
 - Intervene
 - Exercise military power

- Cuba
- Dominican Republic
- Haiti
- Nicaragua
- Panama
- Venezuela



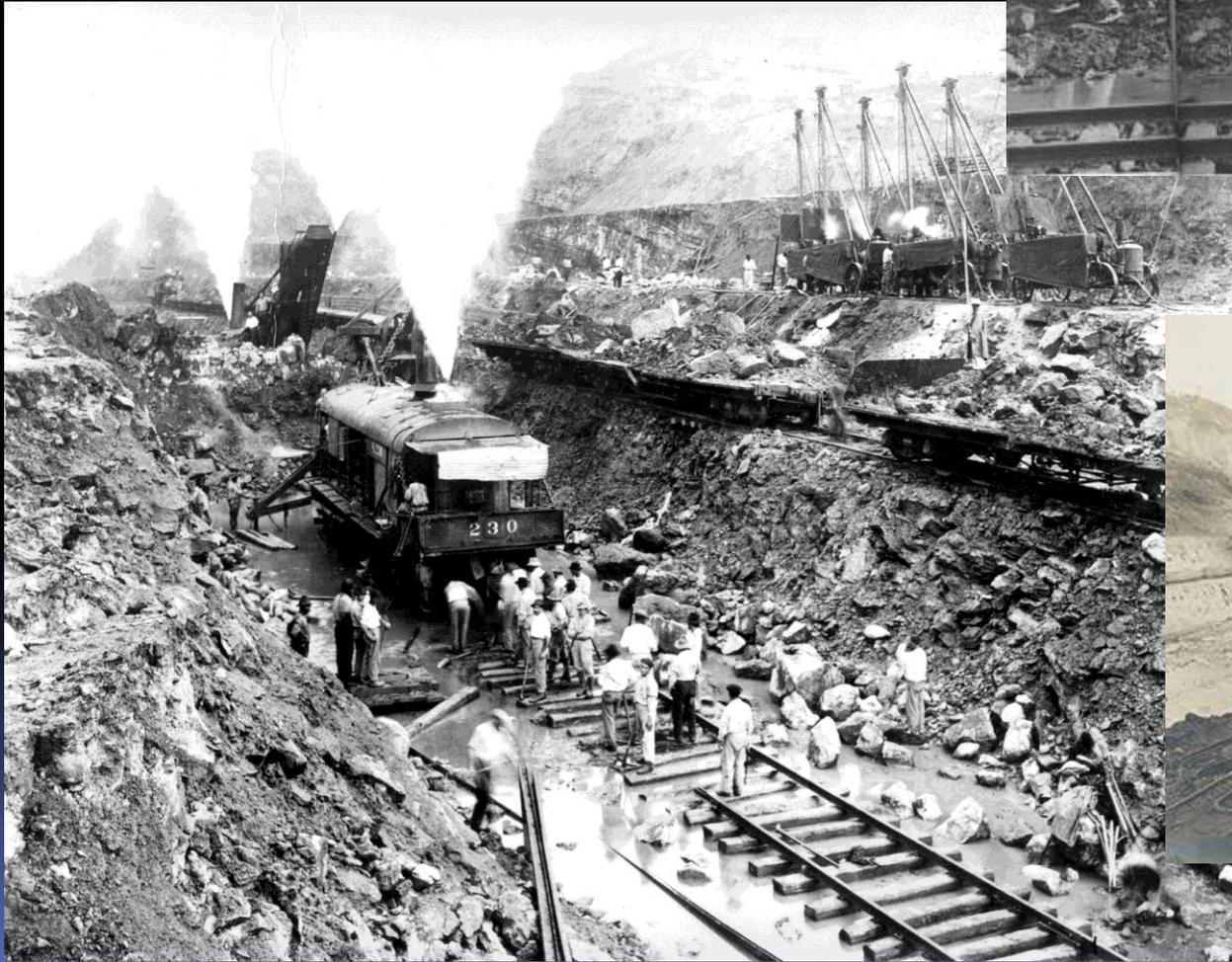
Panama Canal





Panama Canal





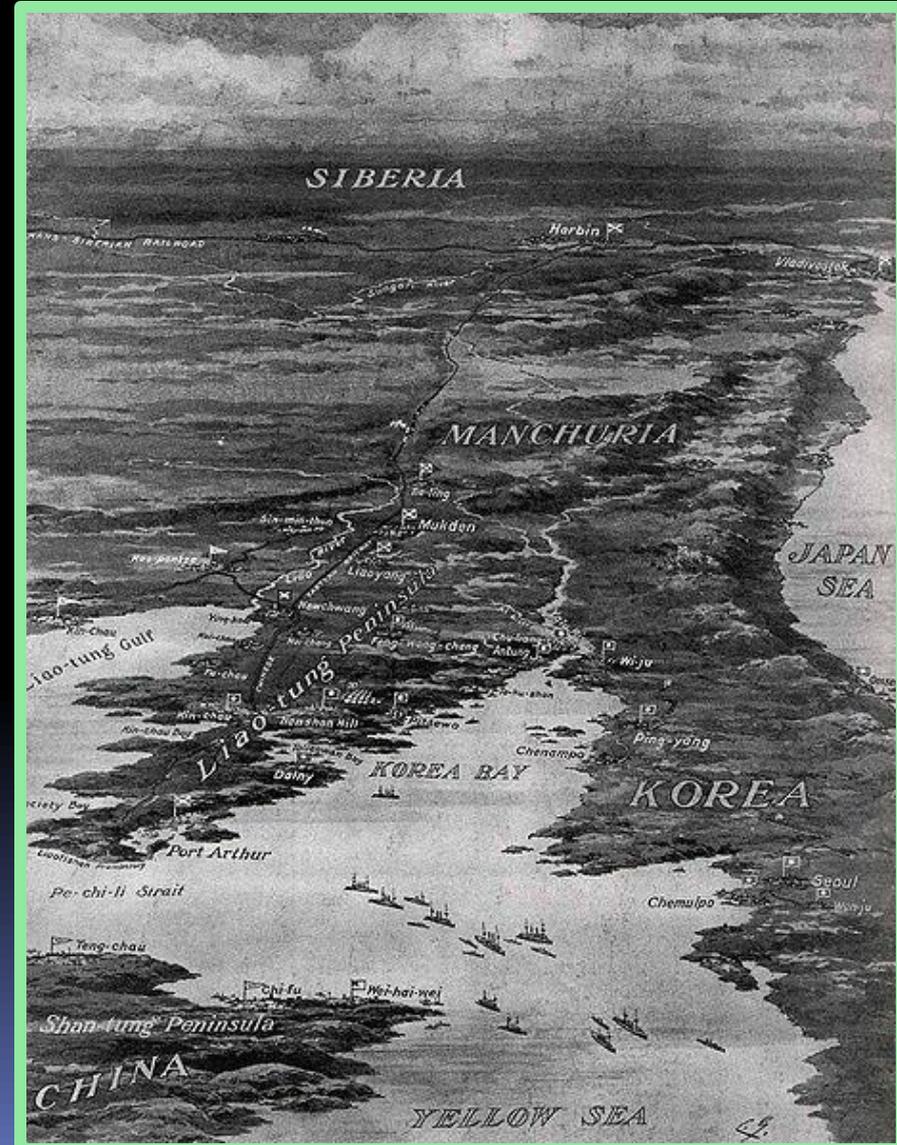
© 1911 - Columbia Cut Cable air drills on side of Contractors Hill Looking South - www.rock.com



Roosevelt administration

➤ Asia

- Russo-Japanese War, 1904
- Treaty of Portsmouth

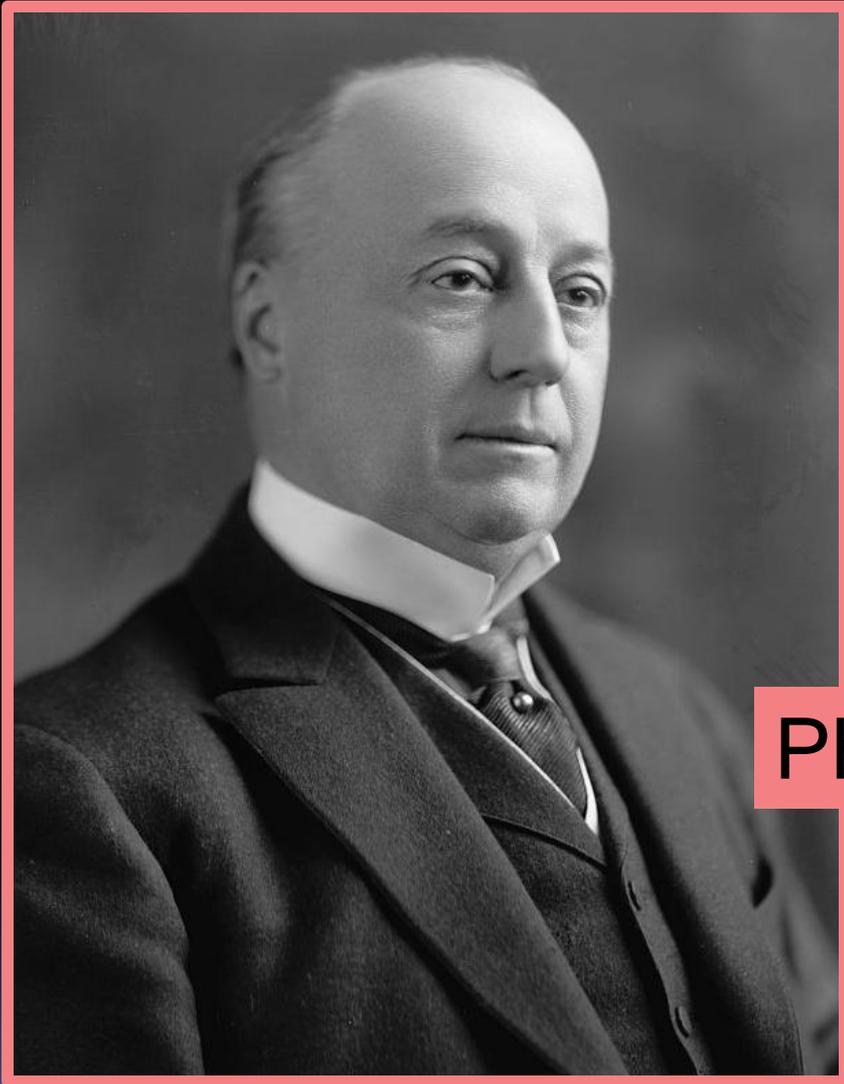


William H. Taft

➤ “Dollar Diplomacy”

“...the government of the United States shall extend all proper support to every legitimate and beneficial American enterprise abroad.”





Philander Knox

“Dollar Diplomacy”

- Trade
- Loans
- Investment
- Military “enforcement”

“Dollar Diplomacy”

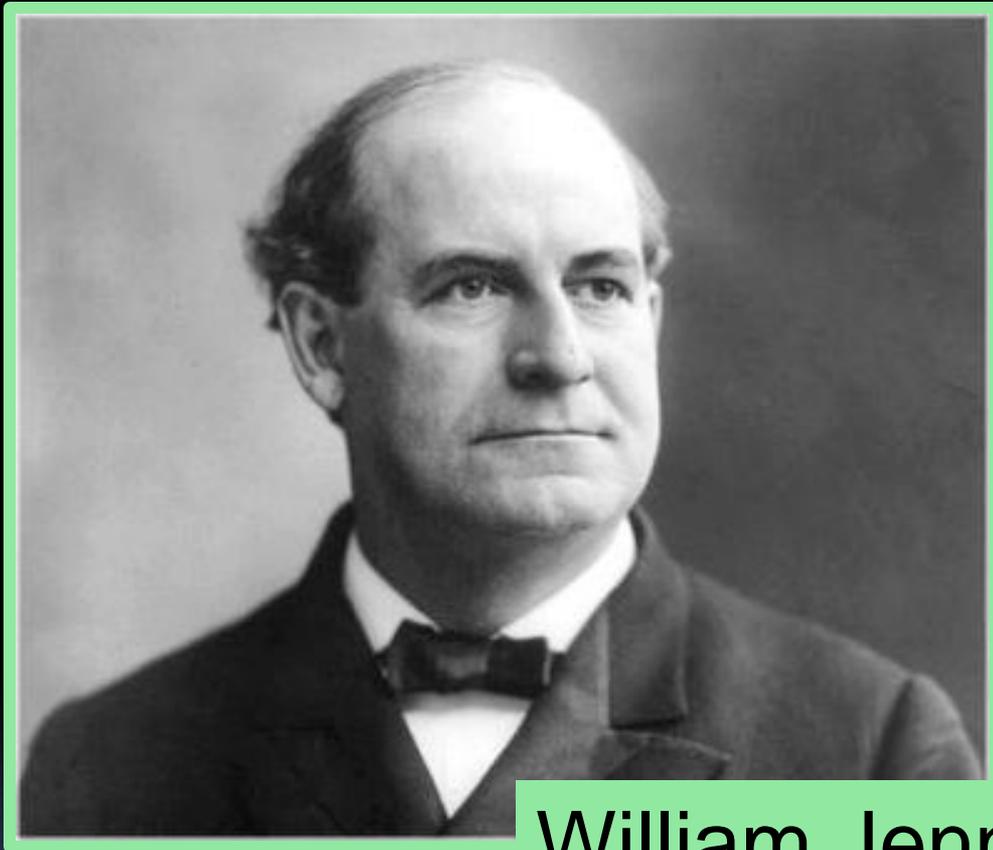
- Financial leverage
- Dependency, control
- Dominance

Woodrow Wilson

➤ “Moral Diplomacy”



“...the force of America is the force of moral principle.”



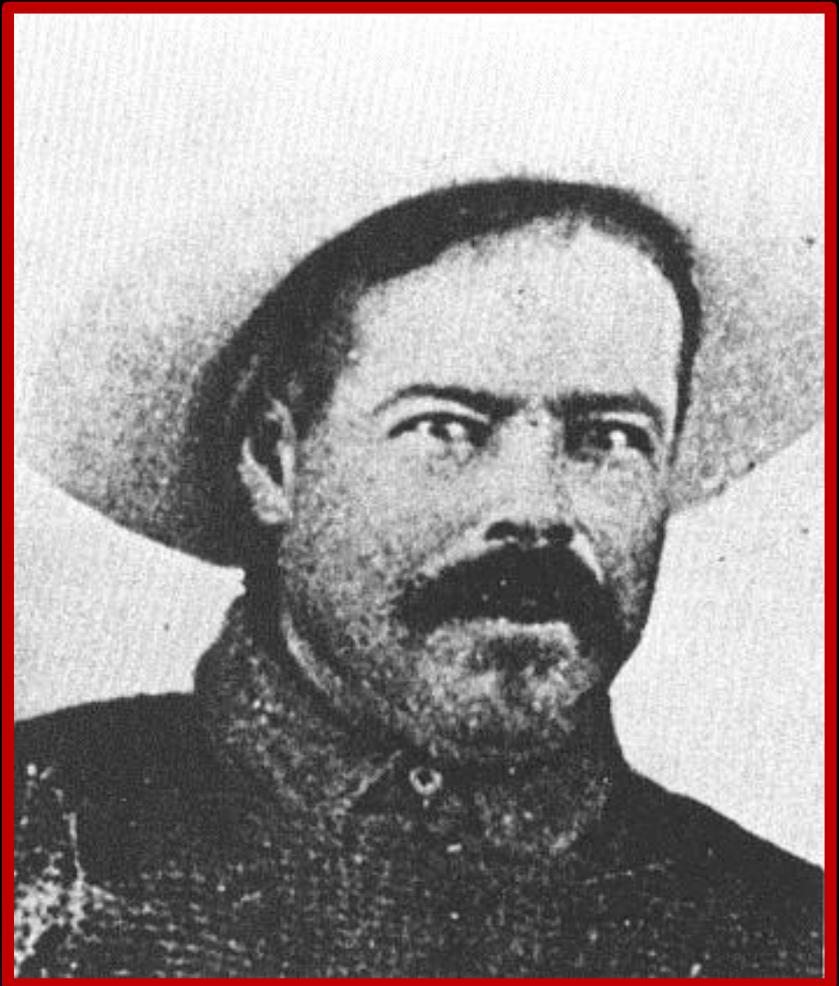
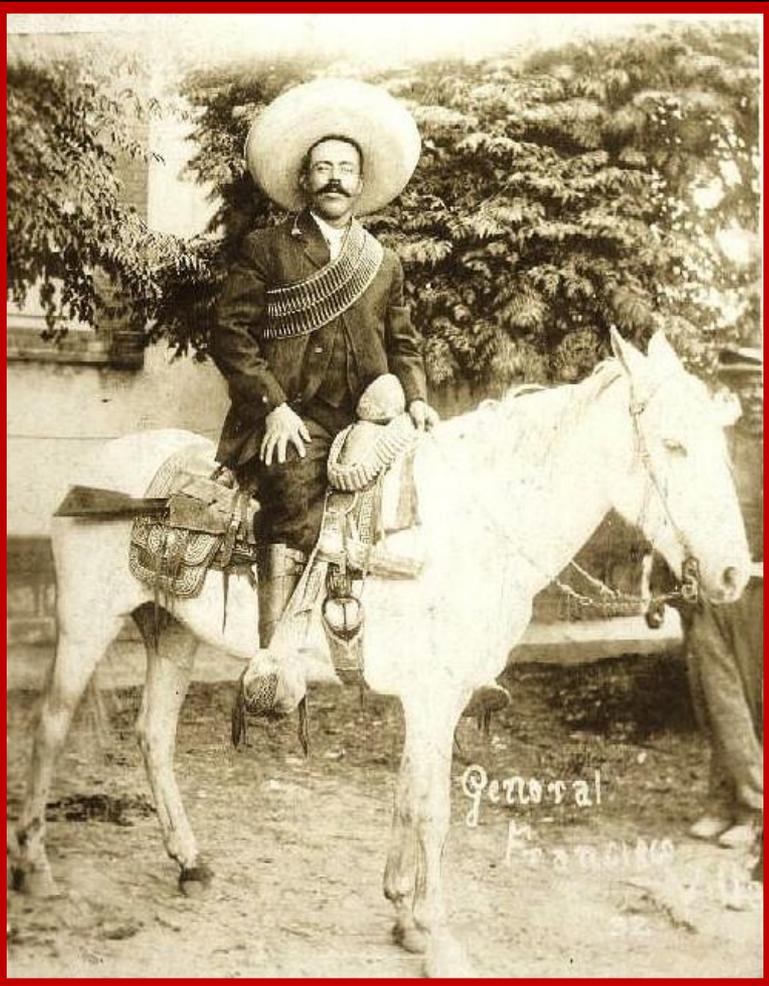
William Jennings Bryan

“Moral Diplomacy”

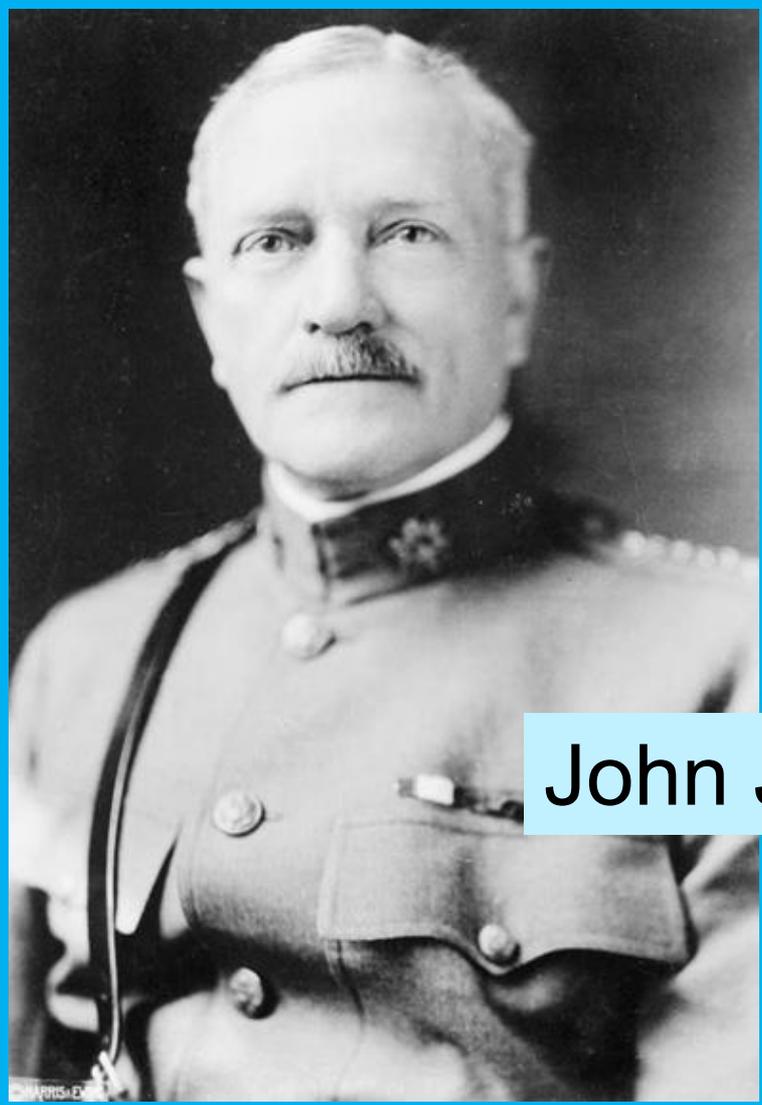
- Promote Democracy
- Human rights
- Social justice
- Peace

- Haiti
- Dominican Republic
- Mexico





Francisco "Pancho" Villa



John J. "Blackjack" Pershing

World at War

